

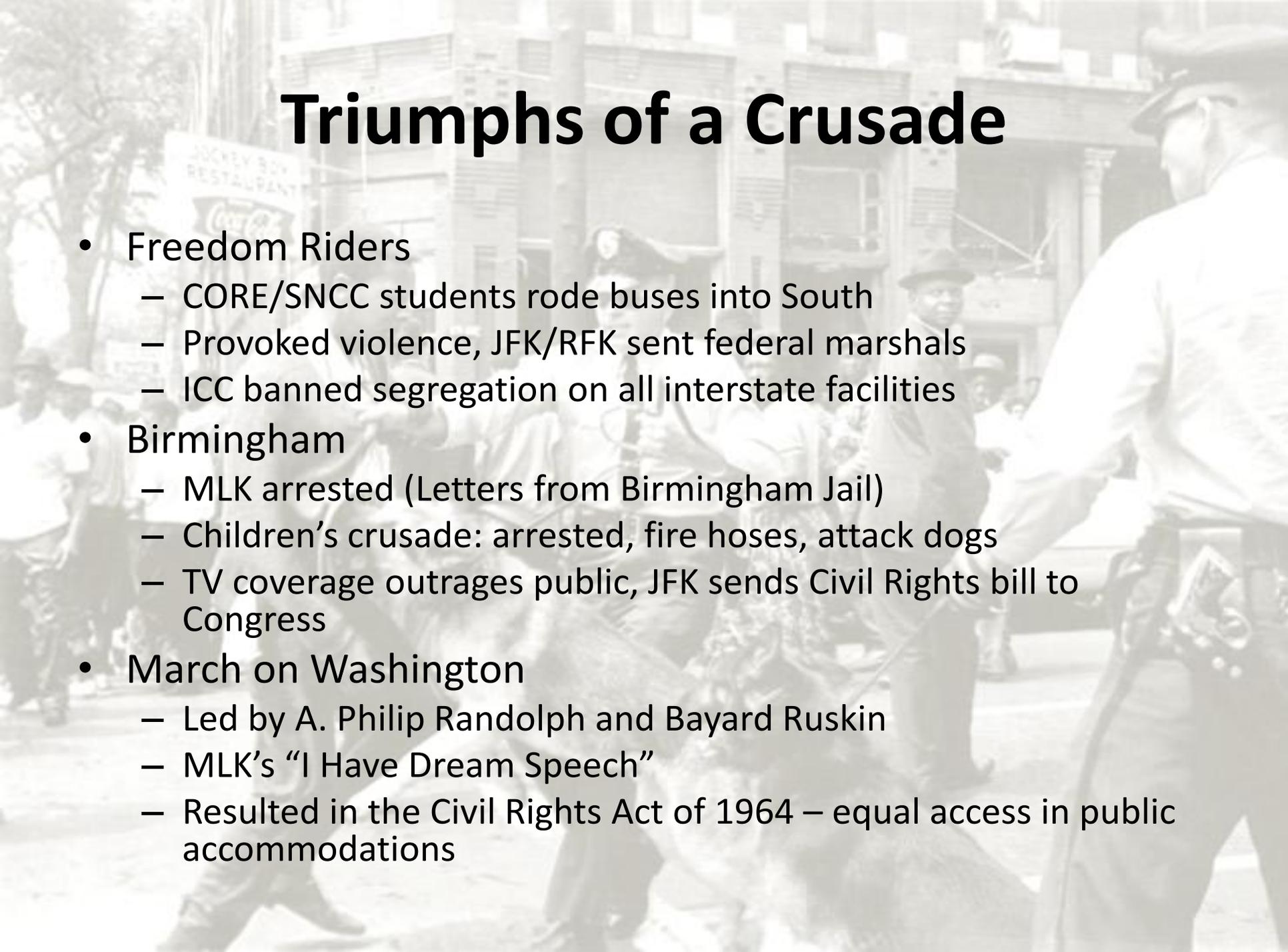
Crisis of Authority

Part B: Domestic

Taking on Segregation

- Migrations during Reconstruction and World Wars caused more division between North and South
- NAACP (review...)
 - Tried to get federal anti-lynching laws enacted
 - *Brown*: Thurgood Marshall, Little Rock Nine
 - Montgomery Bus Boycott: Rosa Parks, MLK
- MLK and the SCLC
 - Southern Christian Leadership Conference
 - Soul Force: Henry David Thoreau (civil disobedience), A. Philip Randolph (collective bargaining), and Gandhi (nonviolence)
- SNCC and CORE
 - Students began with sit-ins to desegregate lunch counters
 - A&T students at Greensboro Woolworths

Triumphs of a Crusade



- Freedom Riders
 - CORE/SNCC students rode buses into South
 - Provoked violence, JFK/RFK sent federal marshals
 - ICC banned segregation on all interstate facilities
- Birmingham
 - MLK arrested (Letters from Birmingham Jail)
 - Children’s crusade: arrested, fire hoses, attack dogs
 - TV coverage outrages public, JFK sends Civil Rights bill to Congress
- March on Washington
 - Led by A. Philip Randolph and Bayard Rustin
 - MLK’s “I Have Dream Speech”
 - Resulted in the Civil Rights Act of 1964 – equal access in public accommodations

Triumphs of a Crusade

- Voting Rights
 - 24th Amendment ratified – banned poll taxes
 - Freedom Summer
 - CORE/SNCC movement to register voters in the South
 - Resulted in KKK violence and murders
 - Selma Campaign
 - MLK organized a 50-mile march from Selma to Montgomery to protest at the Alabama capital
 - Federal marshals had to be sent to protect them
 - Voting Rights Act of 1965
 - LBJ presented to Congress
 - Eliminated literacy tests and gave federal officials power to register voters

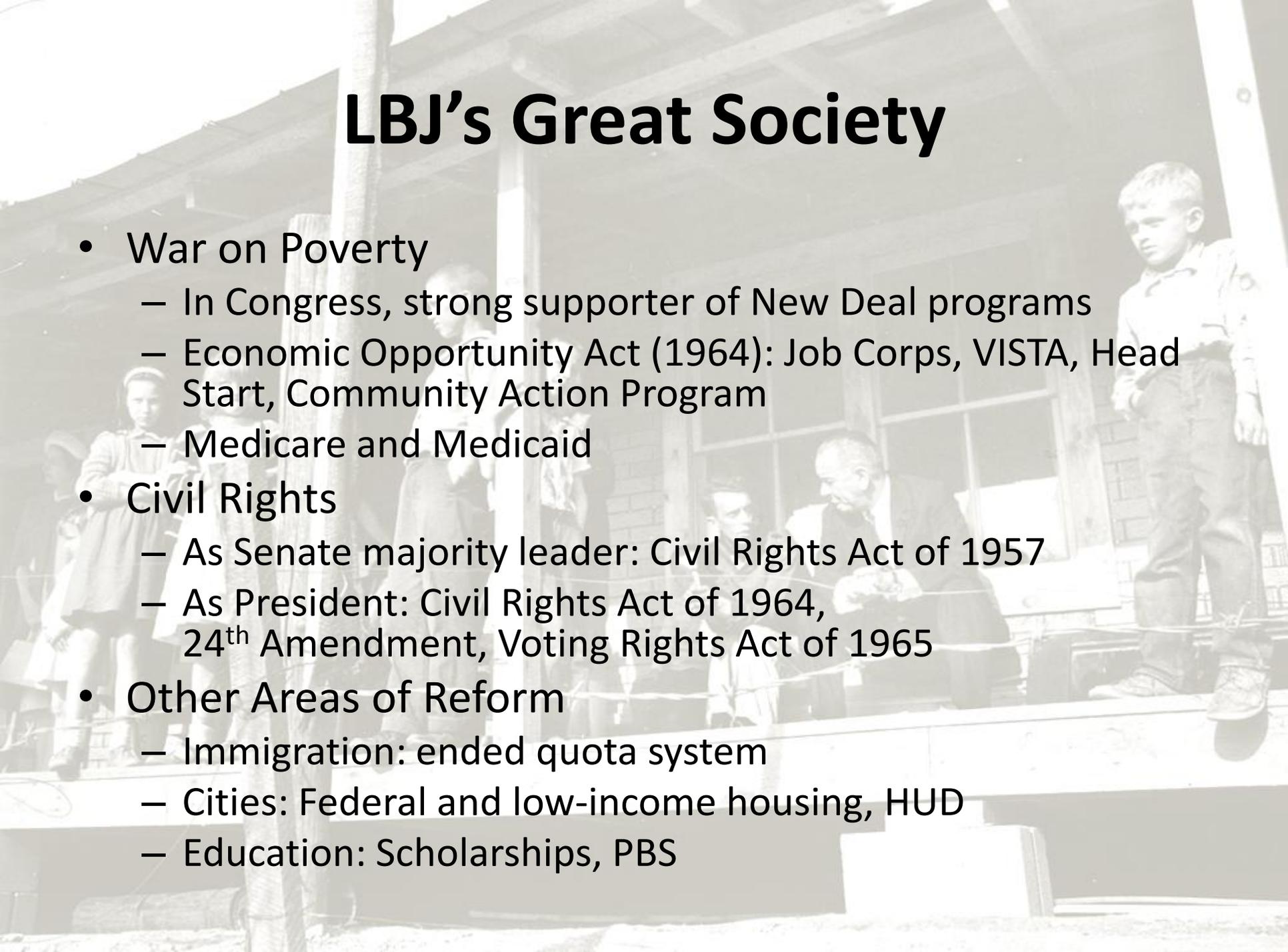
Challenges and Changes

- Violence in cities increased due to *de facto* segregation, white flight, poverty, and job competition
- Nonviolent v. Militant
 - Malcolm X: armed self-defense > Ballots or Bullets
 - Stokely Carmichael: SNCC/CORE – “Black Power”
 - Black Panthers: revolutionary socialism
- Assassination
 - MLK killed by James Earl Ray
 - Riots broke out in over 100 cities
 - LBJ appointed Kerner Commission: racism > poverty
- Civil Rights Act of 1968
 - Ended housing discrimination

Challenges and Changes

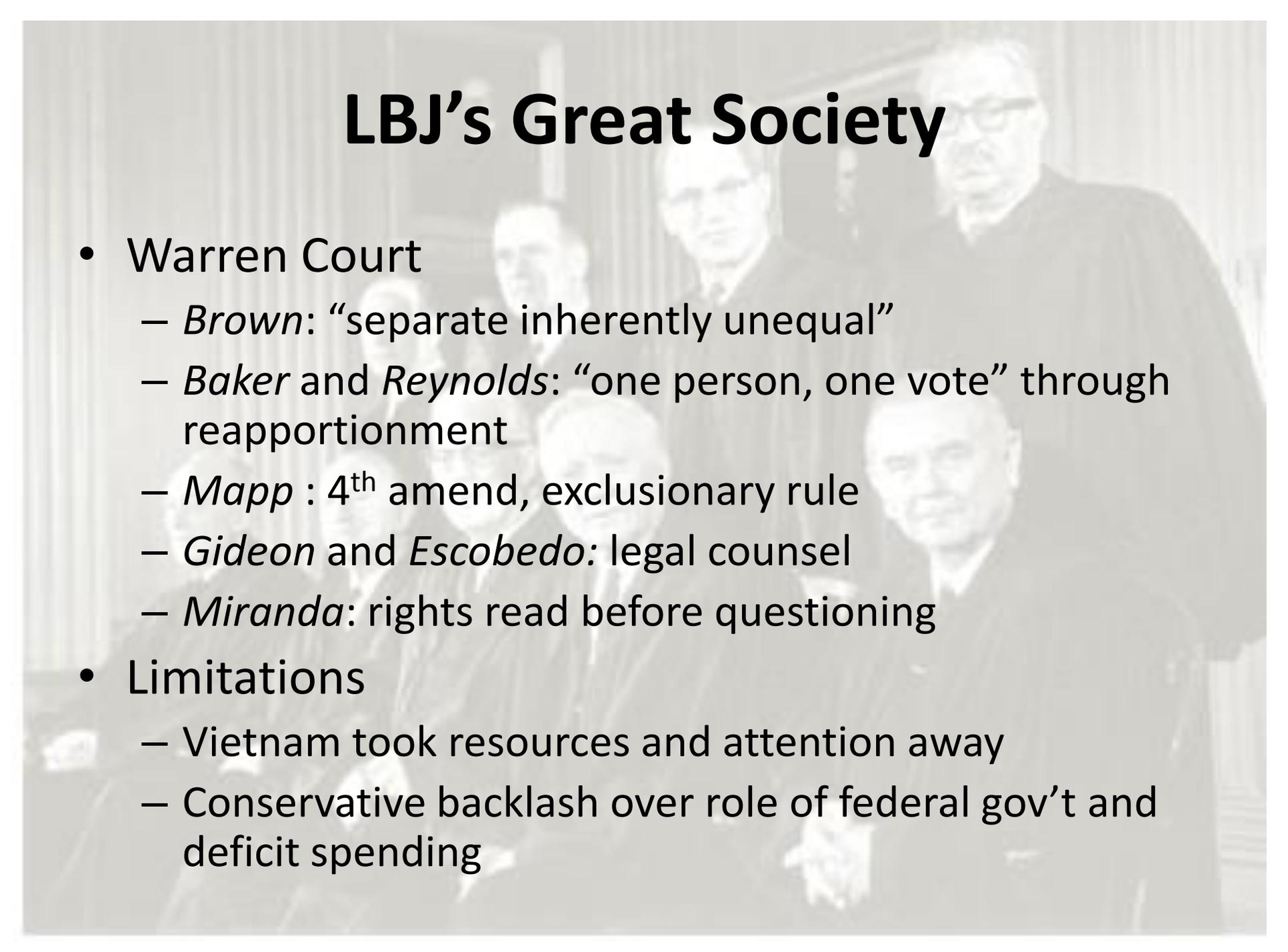
- Successes
 - Ended *de jure* segregation in public accommodations, education, housing
 - Voting rights led to election of African Americans: more power and better representation
- Limitations
 - Poverty in the inner cities
 - *De facto* housing segregation and white flight reversed progress toward school integration
 - *Swann v. Charlotte Mecklenburg* - busing
 - Affirmative action in education and the workplace: Effective? Reverse discrimination?

LBJ's Great Society



- War on Poverty
 - In Congress, strong supporter of New Deal programs
 - Economic Opportunity Act (1964): Job Corps, VISTA, Head Start, Community Action Program
 - Medicare and Medicaid
- Civil Rights
 - As Senate majority leader: Civil Rights Act of 1957
 - As President: Civil Rights Act of 1964, 24th Amendment, Voting Rights Act of 1965
- Other Areas of Reform
 - Immigration: ended quota system
 - Cities: Federal and low-income housing, HUD
 - Education: Scholarships, PBS

LBJ's Great Society



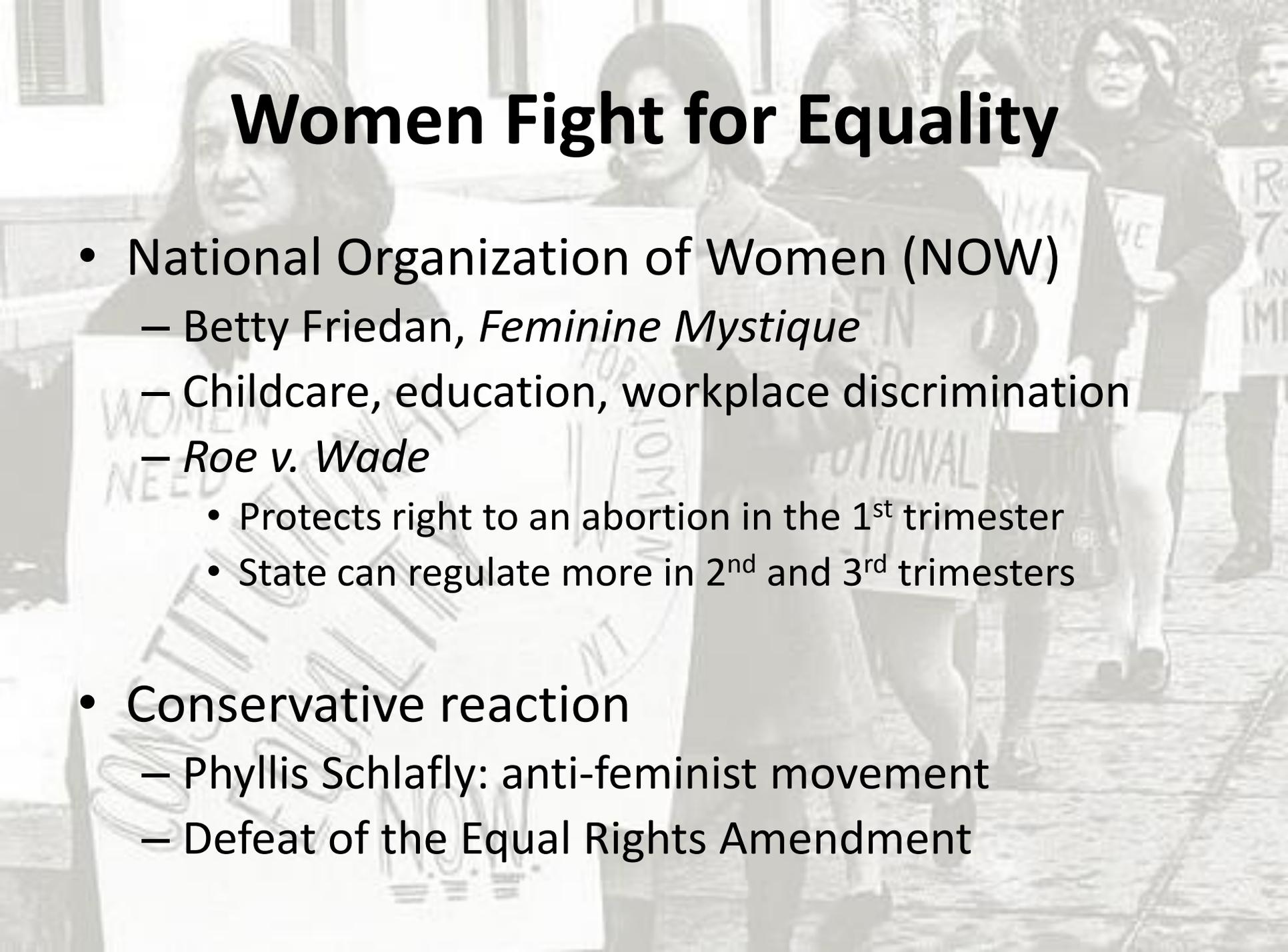
- Warren Court
 - *Brown*: “separate inherently unequal”
 - *Baker and Reynolds*: “one person, one vote” through reapportionment
 - *Mapp* : 4th amend, exclusionary rule
 - *Gideon and Escobedo*: legal counsel
 - *Miranda*: rights read before questioning
- Limitations
 - Vietnam took resources and attention away
 - Conservative backlash over role of federal gov't and deficit spending

Latinos and Native Americans



- Latino groups
 - Cesar Chavez: farm workers union, boycott
 - Bilingual Education Act
- Native Americans
 - AIM: often militant activist group
 - Trail of Broken Treaties march, occupied the Bureau of Indian Affairs in D.C.
 - Seized town of Wounded Knee, took hostages
 - Legal remedies
 - Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act
 - Court settlements, recognition of tribal lands, financial compensation

Women Fight for Equality



- National Organization of Women (NOW)
 - Betty Friedan, *Feminine Mystique*
 - Childcare, education, workplace discrimination
 - *Roe v. Wade*
 - Protects right to an abortion in the 1st trimester
 - State can regulate more in 2nd and 3rd trimesters
- Conservative reaction
 - Phyllis Schlafly: anti-feminist movement
 - Defeat of the Equal Rights Amendment

The Nixon Administration

- New Federalism
 - Revenue sharing: more power to state/local gov't to choose how to spend their federal money
 - In some cases, he worked with Democrats in Congress
 - Increased Social Security, Medicare/Medicaid, and food stamps
 - Worked against Democrats on other Great Society programs
 - Tried to impound funds for other programs (ex. housing, education)
 - Abolished the Office of Economic Opportunity
- Southern Strategy
 - Slowed school segregation
 - Sued by NAACP as violation of *Brown II* and lost
 - Supreme Court ruled in favor of busing in *Swann*
 - Tried to stop Congress from extending Voting Rights Act giving federal gov't power to help register voters in the South

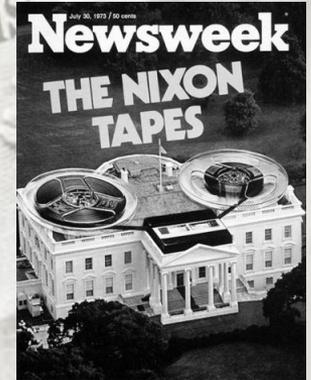


Watergate: Nixon's Downfall

- Imperial presidency
 - More power to executive, distance from Congress
 - Secrecy within a small group of advisors
- Law and Order Politics
 - Had little tolerance for anti-war movement
 - Used FBI/CIA/IRS against people on his “enemies list”
- Election of 1972
 - CRP broke into DNC headquarters at Watergate complex to steal campaign secrets, bug offices
 - Tried to stop FBI investigation, bought silence of the burglars
 - Won in a landslide

Watergate: Nixon's Downfall

- Senate investigation
 - Testimony implicates Nixon in the cover-up
 - Refuses to hand over taped conversations
 - Saturday Night Massacre
 - Spiro Agnew resigns over a bribery scandal
 - Nixon uses 25th Amend to appoint Gerald Ford VP
- *U.S. v. Nixon*
 - Nixon claims executive privilege, but Supreme Court rules that it is a matter of criminal activity not national security
 - The House begins impeachment proceedings
 - Tapes are released, but with segments missing
 - Nixon resigns, Ford becomes President



The Ford Years

- Pardon: angered the public, but freed him up to handle other issues
- Economic problems
 - WIN: “Whip Inflation Now” failed due to lack on incentives to conserve energy
 - Tight money policy: cut gov’t spending, Fed raised interest rates > Worst recession since 1933