**Unit 4 – Active Citizenship**

Objective 1  
Explain the process of naturalization, as well as the rights and responsibilities of American citizens.  
  
Objective 2  
Analyze the role of political parties, the media, and interest groups in elections and public policy.

**Social Contract**

Citizens: members of a community who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the government of the community and are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to government services. *Why do citizens need their government?*

Government: the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for a community that oversees distribution of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and provides \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a society. *Why does government need its citizens?*

“\_\_\_\_ the people” = the gov’t rules by consent of the governed; it gets its power from the citizens. *Examples?*

“\_\_\_\_ the people” = regular citizens are the people who participate in government. *Examples?*

“\_\_\_\_ the people” = the actions of the government should benefit the citizens. *Examples?*

**Fourteenth Amendment**

In addition to Equal Protection…

“All persons \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside.”   
 Former slaves, *Native Americans?*

**Citizenship by Birth**

*Jus sanguinis =* “By \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” = Parents are U.S. citizens. *What if you are adopted from a foreign country?*

*Jus soli =* “By \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” = Born in U.S. territory. *Where does the U.S. have territory?*

**Nation of Immigrants**

Almost everyone in the US is an immigrant or the descendant of an immigrant.

“E Pluribus Unum”: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*How do we often describe this aspect of American society?*

*What is the difference between an immigrant and an alien?*

**Aliens in America**

Only about 675,000 aliens are allowed into the U.S. each year.

People with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ already in the country or with a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ get preference. *Why?*

Legal Aliens

CAN: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

CAN’T: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

MUST: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Residents: at least 5-6 million, get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ if caught.

*Why are there so many?*

*What reforms are being debated?*

**Naturalization**

Be a Lawful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the United States

First apply for a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be allowed temporary visitation

Later apply for a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for permanent residence

While here: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Live in U.S. for \_\_\_\_ years (only \_\_\_\_ if married to a citizen)

Learn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to prepare for naturalization test

Go through Naturalization process \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*Do you think it should be easier or more difficult to become a citizen?*

**Duties and Responsibilities**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Duties = | Responsibilities = |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

*What do you do now?*

*What will you do later?*

*To what extent should we make sacrifices for others?*

**Political Parties**

Definition = Association of voters with broad \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who want to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or control decision making in government by electing the party’s candidates to public office. *Do you think political parties help or hinder the democratic process?*

Main roles

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ candidates for office through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ election process
2. Raise \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get them elected
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Parties call, send mail, and advertize to notify voters of important issues. *Personal examples?*

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Losing party will watch what the winning candidate does in office in order to recognize and point out any mistakes. *Examples?*

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Members of the same party at different levels of government often work together to get things done.

**Organization of Political Parties**

National Level

Main focus is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Every four years the national party provides a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to nominate and announce the party’s candidate for the President

State and Local Level

Run \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to decide nominee

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ new voters

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: political ideas/movements that start at the local level. *Examples?*

**The American Two-Party System**

Since 1854, either a Republican or Democrat has been elected to the Presidency.

*Why?*

*Pros/Cons?*

*What does bipartisan mean?*

Democratic = Donkey (Jackson the “Jackass”), Republican = Elephant (GOP = Grand Old Party)

**Other Party Systems**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Multi-Party | Type | One-Party |
|  | Definition |  |
|  | HHow it works |  |
|  | Pros/Cons |  |
|  | Examples |  |

**Historical Development**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wanted to avoid parties, but… His Secretary of State Thomas Jefferson and his Secretary of Treasury Alexander Hamilton disagreed about everything

Hamilton = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ > strong central gov’t

Jefferson = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (similar to Anti-Federalists) > strong individual and state powers

*When did the Republican Party change to what it is now?*

*The Democratic Party?*

**Platforms and Planks**

A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the party’s statement of principles, beliefs, and positions. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an single issue in the platform like Taxes.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Democratic Party |  | Republican Party |
|  | General Platform |  |
|  | Typical supporters |  |
|  | Major Planks |  |
|  | Famous Leaders |  |
|  | Website |  |

**Third Parties**

A third party is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*How many are there? What are the most popular ones?*

*Why do they so rarely win an election?*

*So why bother?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Populist Party – died out but most of the issues were adopted by Democrats (farmers, laborers)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Teddy Roosevelt broke off of Republican Party to form his own, splitting the vote and giving the election to Democrat Woodrow Wilson. In 2000, Nader (Green) took votes away from Gore (D), which helped Bush (R) win the election.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Republican Party started off as a third party – took less than 10 years to win the Presidency b/c slavery issue heated up

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** = the right to vote

15th Amendment (1870)

19th Amendment (1920)

23rd Amendment (1961)

24th Amendment (1964)

26th Amendment (1971)

*Who had the right to vote when our Constitution was written?*

Qualifications:

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*Do you have to register with a political party?*

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Voting**

*Why is voting important?*

*Why is voter turnout so low in the U.S.? What has been done recently to address this issue?*

*How do most people prepare to vote? How should you prepare?*

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Library, School, County Election Office, DMV

Register with a Party or as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

1. Find your precinct and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, dates/times, request \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ballot or do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_registration if necessary
2. Stay \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with TV, magazines, newspapers, and the Internet. What questions should you ask?

1. Show identification, complete the ballot in secret. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ticket?

**Elections**

*Review: Who runs elections?*

Primary elections: Parties choose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to run in the general election

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: If you have to be a registered member of the party or not

*Why would this matter?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Vote for candidates at national, state, and local levels
2. Vote on state or local laws:

When citizens propose a new state law, it is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.   
If enough people sign the initiative petition, it becomes a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that will be put on the ballot. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is when the citizens vote to approve or reject a state law.

Special elections

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: When there is no clear winner

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Vote to remove a state official from office, force an early election

**Presidential**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Media blitz, Public opinion polls
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Whoever wins the General election in the state gets all of the state’s electoral votes. *Why do we use this system? Pros/cons?*

**Reform**

In the early 1900s, reforms were passed to deal with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: In some state and local governments, one party had so much power they controlled everything, even elections

Now, the biggest debate is over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reform. *Why?*

**Money, Money, Money**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = Sets limits on direct contributions to candidates

Public v. Private funding

Public: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, check box to donate on tax return

Private: Individuals, corporations, labor unions, interests groups

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are used by interest groups to raise $

Hard v. Soft money

Hard: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_contributions to candidates are limited

Soft: Contributions to parties for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are unlimited

*Citizens United (2010)* led to rise of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*Do you agree with donation limits?*

**Interest Groups**

*How are interest groups different from political parties?*

Types: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*Examples?*

Activities

Form \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to help candidates who support their issue get elected

Hire \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to influence lawmakers

Use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to sway public opinion

**The Media**

Public Opinion

Public officials pay attention to public opinion when they set their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of important issues to address

Mass media \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ public opinion and attitudes about the issues, but it can also \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ them. *Example?*

*How is has the internet and social media affected politics?*

*How can you be on your guard for media bias?*

Polls

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are taken regularly to monitor and track changes

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are taken as people leave the voting precincts to help them report early results. *How does this work?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = Promotion of a particular viewpoint or idea using persuasive techniques

**Propaganda**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Sounds good, so vague it is essentially meaningless

*Examples?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Support from an influential celebrity or group

*Examples?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Unpleasant association or label

*Examples?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Everyone else agrees, be on the winning team

*Examples?*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: I’m just like you, so you can trust me

*Examples?*

*Why do propaganda techniques work?*

*Does propaganda help or hinder democracy?*